



IMAM SADIQ peace be upon him
ONLINE SEMINARY

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Summary

Arabic Grammar (Nahw)

النعته - التوكيد: Lesson 78

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A. Rules for the Adjective (النعته)

1. Single Word Adjective (النعته المفرد):

- **True Adjective (الحقيقي):** Follows the described noun in:
 - Grammatical case (الإعراب)
 - Definiteness/Indefiniteness (التعريف والتنكير)
 - Number & Gender (التعداد والجنس)
- **Causative Adjective (السببي):**
 - If it has an implied pronoun referring to the noun, it follows all the rules of the True Adjective.
 - If it is followed by an explicit noun or a detached pronoun as its subject, it only follows the described noun in **case** and **definiteness**. Its own gender and number are determined by its subject, and it



remains singular. It must contain a pronoun referring to the described noun.

2. Sentential and Phrasal Adjective (النعت الجملة وشبه الجملة):

- These follow the described noun in their **grammatical position** (not the case ending).
- They must contain a pronoun referring back to the described noun.

B. Emphasis (التوكيد)

- **Definition:** A grammatical follower that confirms and establishes the literal meaning of what was stated before it, preventing a figurative interpretation.
- **Types of Emphasis:**
 1. **Literal Emphasis (التوكيد اللفظي):** Repeating the original word exactly to confirm its meaning.
 2. **Abstract Emphasis (التوكيد المعنوي):** Using specific words to emphasize the original term. These words are: نَفْس، عَيْن، كَلَا، كَلْتَا، كُلَّ، جَمِيع، عَامَّة.