



IMAM SADIQ peace be upon him
ONLINE SEMINARY

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Summary

Arabic Grammar (Nahw)

Lesson 104: (الأداة المصدرية)

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7. **The Nominalizing Particle:** Particles that enter upon a clause and turn it into a verbal noun (masdar).

Categories

The First: Governing (Āmila): They are: «أن» and «كي», which put the verb in the accusative, and «أنَّ», which resembles a verb.

The Second: Non-Governing (Muhmala): They are: «ما» and «لو».

Based on their connection, they are of two types:

The First: Those that enter upon a verbal clause: «كي», «أن», «ما», and «لو»

- كي + a present tense verbal clause
- أن/ما/لو + a past or present tense verbal clause

The method of forming the verbal noun with them is that the verb is turned into its verbal noun and is annexed to its subject (in the nominative).

The Second: Those that enter upon a nominal clause, which is: «أنَّ».

The method of forming the verbal noun with it is that the predicate is turned into its verbal noun and is annexed to its subject (the noun of «أنَّ»).



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The Grammatical Analysis of the Nominalized Expression

These expressions are analyzed grammatically according to their position in the sentence.

- They may be in the nominative position.
- They may be in the accusative position.
- They may be in the genitive position.